

COMPATIBLE STEREO
PLAYABLE MONO OR STEREO

Francesco Maria Veracini



SONATAS NOS 5.6.7.9

hyman Bress, violin Jean Schrick, viola da gamba. Olivier alain, harpsichord

FRANCESCO MARIA VERACINI hyman Bress, violin Jean Schrick, viola da gamba. Olivier Alain, harpsichorð

According to the famous music historian Dr. Charles Burney, Francesco Maria Veracini was "the greatest violinist in Europe". The facts of his life are known only in part and some of them are in dispute. Some historians give the date of his birth in Florence as 1685 and others give it as February 1, 1690. Veracini's uncle, Antonio, was a celebrated violinist and composer and his first teacher. He also studied with Giuseppe Antonio Bernabei. His first success was at Venice and in 1711, he created a stir when he played at Frankfurt during the festivities attendant upon the coronation of Charles VI, the Holy Roman Emperor. From this time, he became internationally famous as "Il Fiorentino". In 1714, he made his first trip to London, where the public was at the height of its craze for Italian music, brought about by Handel's first success with his opera Rinaldo in 1711. Veracini's first appearance was on January 23rd at the King's Theatre in the Haymarket, when he performed between the acts of an opera, playing what contemporary records refer to as "symphonies". He continued to perform in this manner for a year and also played in Handel's orchestra on occasion during opera performances when, it was said, his powerful and unique tone clearly was audible above the other instruments. He also performed several times at concerts in Hickford's Room in James Street, sometimes with the brilliant and mysterious singer known only as The Baroness.

Subsequent historians have made much of the episode that occurred in 1716 and involved Giuseppe Tartini, the future great master of the violin. Tartini, some years younger than Veracini, had begun to make his reputation as a player and was invited to engage in a contest with Veracini during a fete to be given at Venice in honor of the visiting Elector of Saxony. However, before the event, Tartini went to Cremona to hear one of Veracini's concerts and was so intimidated by the brilliance of his playing that he failed to appear in Venice for the competition. Instead, he went into seclusion at Ancona for a period of intense study, from which he emerged with some of the technical and acoustical discoveries with which he was to revolutionize the violinist's art. Veracini later became violinist to the Elector of Saxony, who was also King of Poland, and resided at the court in Dresden from 1720 to 1723. On August 13, 1722, Veracini attempted suicide by jumping from a high window and was left lamed for life. Johann Mattheson, a contemporary historian, says that this was done in a fit of insanity brought on by overwork. The historian François-Jean Fétis, writing a century later, tells a different story. According to him, Veracini, who apparently was a vain and tempestuous man, had offended the Elector's Kapellmeister, Johann Pisandel, who arranged to humiliate him by challenging him to play at sight a difficult concerto which another player, who competed with Veracini, had been practising for weeks. The Elector gave the palm not to Veracini but the other man, which supposedly supplied the motive for his desperate act.

After leaving Dresden in 1723, Veracini was for a time in the service of Count Kinsky at Prague. Tartini was one of the Count's court musicians during the same period.

Though Veracini's set of remarkable violin sonatas was published at Dresden and Amsterdam in 1721, he did not gain much of a reputation as a composer until November 25, 1735 when his opera Adriano had its triumphant premiere at the King's Theatre, London. It was repeated 17 times, which was unusual at that time. The brilliant cast included the two famous castrati Farinelli and Senesino and the great soprano Francesca Cuzzoni. She it was who participated in the notorious hairpulling encounter with her equally famous rival, Faustina Hasse, on stage during a London performance in 1726. Veracini later produced other operas, but with diminishing success. The fickle London public had found a new hero, the Italian composer-violinist Francesco Geminiani. Veracini went back to Italy and did not return to London until 1745, which is when Dr. Burney heard him perform at Hickford's Room in Brewer Street. Some historians say that Veracini died in London in 1750, but others claim that it was at Pisa. Some accounts tell the colorful story that after his last London appearances, Veracini went back to Italy and was shipwrecked on the way, losing all he possessed, including his two Stainer violins, which he referred to always as Peter and Paul.

Very little of Veracini's music was published in his lifetime. Many manuscripts were discovered after his death. His total output includes five operas, several concertos, two cantatas, sonatas for violin and flute, and symphonies for two violins, viola, cello, and doublebass with continuo. Of those works published in his lifetime, the violin sonatas are counted as opus 1 and another set of violin sonatas that he called *Sonate Academiche* are opus 2, though composed twenty years later than the first set.

This recording of the Twelve Sonatas, opus 1, employs the Peters edition edited by Walter Kolneder. The musicologist H.J. Moser called these sonatas "some of the most remarkable and beautiful ones of their kind in the 18th century." It is interesting to realize that if Veracini actually was born in 1685, he was exactly contemporary with Bach and Handel, those two giants who for centuries to come put their most worthy contemporaries in the shade. Though violinists always have been partial to Veracini's sonatas, the concert-going public has listened to them dutifully rather than knowingly while waiting for the ac-

rather than knowingly while waiting for the accepted profundities of Bach or the expected fireworks of later composers for the violin. Presently, however, there is a new interest in and sympathy for the underrated Italian composers who worked in the great tradition of Corelli and Vivaldi.

Edmund Van Der Straeten, a musicologist specializing in the violin literature, has written of Veracini. "As a composer he was too far in advance of his time to be understood by his contemporaries, who looked upon his work as capricious and bizarre. His bold modulations, the wealth of his delicately worked-out harmonies, his originality in expressing his conceptions, differed too widely from anything that had been heard before, with the result that for over a century his compositions were

entirely neglected." Of these twelve violin sonatas Van Der Straeten writes: "In form they show a progress over his predecessors, but it is especially in his thematic material, its bold harmonic treatment, and the characteristic chromatic passages, that he appears quite modern. Some of his slow movements are truly enchanting, while his allegros often fascinate by their brightness and natural flowing form... In the first movements of his sonatas he makes an important step forward towards the final sonata form."

The twelve violin sonatas best can be described by listing the markings of the separate movements. It can be seen that Veracini began with the conventional dance-derived forms and progressed into the newly evolved forms that today remain the accepted ones.

Victor Chapin

Sonata 1 Overture - Aria - Paesana - Minuet - Gigue Sonata 2

Preludio - Allemande - Siciliana - Grave - Aria Sonata 3

Preludio - Allemande - Largo - Rondo

Sonata 4 Preludio - Allegro - Sarabande - Allegro

Sonata 5 Preludio - Courante - Aria - Gigue Sonata 6

Fantasia - Allemande - Pastorale - Gigue Sonata 7

Cantabile - Larghetto - Allegro - Largo - Allegro Sonata 8

Largo - Allegro - Allegro - Grave - Allegro Sonata 9

Largo e staccato - Allegro - Vivace - Largo -Allegro

Sonata 10 Largo - Allegro - Allegro - Largo - Brillante

Sonata 11 Cantabile - Allegro - Allegro - Largo - Allegro Sonata 12

Cantabile - Larghetto - Intermedio (Aria) -Aria - Capriccio

HYMAN BRESS was born in Capetown, South Africa, where he began to play the violin at the age of five. He made his debut with the Capetown Municipal Orchestra when he was nine years old, and six years later won a scholarship to the Curtis Institute in Philadelphia, and was graduated in 1951

In 1956, Mr. Bress won the Concert Artists Guild Award, and in 1957 the Jascha Heifetz Award at Tanglewood. A Canadian by citizenship, he appeared in radio, television, recital and orchestral appearances throughout Canada and was invited to make his debut in London with the Royal Philharmonic under Sir Adrian Boult.

Bress has toured Europe and Scandinavia, drawing 'rave' notices from the critics. He has played with such internationally famed orchestras as the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, l'Orchestre National de la Radiodiffusion Française, and the Philadelphia Orchestra. He has also broadcast and appeared on television in many leading cities.

He possesses one of the finest violins in the world, a Guarnerius del Jesu, made in 1739.

ORDER FROM:

12 inch LP discs \$4.98, stereo \$5.95

Clarinet Trios of BRAHMS and MOZART

SCHUBERT, Violin Sonatas, complete (Mischakoff)

BACH, 3 Part Inventions, Four Duets (Balogh)

LYRICHORD

Lyrichord Discs, Inc., 141 Perry Street, New York, N.Y. 10014

STEREO LLST *115 HANDEL, Rodelinda (opera seria) OCKEGHEM Missa Ecce Ancilla 7237 7114 HAYDN, Missa St. Nicolai No. 4 (Barati) **DUFAY Missa Sine Nomine** 7234 7113 LASSUS, Missa Vinum Bonum, Motets (Welch) **DUFAY Missa Ave Regina** 7233 7111 HAYDN, Harmoniemesse No. 12 (Barati) MESSIAEN Messe de la Pentecôte 7226 7110 BACH, St. Luke Passion (3-12") (Barati) MESSIAEN La Nativité due Seigneur 7225 7109 MUSIC OF THE PRE-BAROQUE 7224 MESSIAEN Les Corps Glorieux 7108 OCKEGHEM, Missa Mi-Mi, Fors Seulement BADINGS Passacaglia Timpany Organ 7221 7105 GRIFFES, Roman Sketches, Sonata (Hambro) MAX REGER Serenades (J. Wion flute, etc.) 7217 COPLAND, Piano Music (Aitken) 7104 REICHA & DANZI Woodwind Quintets 7216 BEETHOVEN Serenade—SCHUBERT Var. Flute/Piai 7103 SAINT SAENS, Suite Algerienne (Barati) 7215 SCHUBERT, Mass No. 4 in C (Barati) DES PREZ Missa Sine Nomine 7214 7100 SCHUBERT, Mass No. 1 in F (Barati) OCKEGHEM Missa Caput (Capella Cordina) 7213 799 SCHUBERT, Songs For Male Chorus SAHL tropes on salve regina (electronic) 7210 798 BACH, Cantatas, Nos. 32 & 57 POULENC/KODALY Songs for Male Chorus 7208 *97 HINDEMITH, Das Marienleben, Song Cycle (James) SCHUBERT Der Häusliche Krieg (opera) 7207 *96 BUXTEHUDE. Three Choral Cantatas 20th CENTURY FLUTE SONATAS Bryan & Keys Duo 7204 *94 BERG, Chamber Concerto and Songs 7203 HERBERT FROMM/SAMUEL ADLER Quartets 793 SCHUBERT, Mass No. 2 in G. 7199 ARCADELT Missa Noe-Noe (Capella Cordina) Gesang Der Geister über Den Wassern 7195 BRITTEN. Oboe Metamorphoses Quartet *91 SCHUTZ, Seven Words From The Cross 7194 The Legacy of Brahms (Rhapsodies) 790 DUBOIS, The Seven Last Words of Christ (Welch Ch.) 7193 POULENC, Clarinet/Oboe Sonatas 786 MUSIC OF THE RENAISSANCE 7191 20th CENTURY AMERICAN ORGAN MUSIC (Noehren 785 MUSIC OF THE MIDDLE AGES 7190 DUFAY, Missa Caput, Motets *83 SONGS TO TEXTS BY JAMES JOYCE (Neway) 7187 20th CENTURY FRENCH ORGAN MUSIC (Noehren) SMETANA AND DVORAK, Quartets *80 7185 20th CENTURY FLUTE SONATAS Bryan & Keys Dui 771 BERLIOZ, LELIO (Leibowitz)
FRANCK, "Panis Angelicus" Mass in A (Welch Chorale) 7184 THE BRAHMS MOTETS (Whikehart Chorale) 770 SCHOLA CANTORUM OXFORD Choral Music 7177 *68 SCHUBERT, Impromptus Op. 90 & Op. 142 7175 BACH Cantatas 10 & 47 *67 MOZART, Sinfonia Concertante and Clarinet Quintet MUSIC IN SALISBURY CATHEDRAL 7174 766 THE GREAT CARL SANDBURG S. S. WESELY Choral Masterpieces 7173 *64 PROMISED LAND, American Folk Treasury (Welch Chorale, C. TOURNEMIRE (R. Noehren, Organ) 7171 *61 RACHMANINOFF, Moments Musicaux-POULENC, Improvi: KODALY Motets, Anthems (Whikehart Chorale) 7170 *60 GOUNOD, St. Cecilia Mass (Welch Chorale) ROBERT NOEHREN at ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL 7169 *59 VERDI and MONTEVERDI, Choral Music (Fleetwood Choral MOZART & VILLA-LOBOS Woodwind Music 7168 *58 R. STRAUSS, Dance Suite After Couperin HINDEMITH Mass (Whikehart Chorale) 7161 *54 COUPERIN, Four Concerts Royaux 7158 Goodman/Piston/Krenek Woodwind Music *53 HINDEMITH, Three Organ Sonatas (Noehren) 7156 BYRD, Madrigals, Motets & Anthems *52 **EASTER MOTETS (Welch Chorale)** 7155 NIELSEN, Complete Woodwind Music (Lark Quinte *51 FREDERICK THE GREAT, Flute Concerto 7154 DANZI, Bassoon Quartets Op. 40 MARKGRAFIN OF BAYREUTH, Cembalo Concerto 7153 DOWLAND, Music of Love and Friendship PALESTRINA, Missa Iste Confessor, Missa Sine Nomine VICTORIA, O Magnum Mysterium, O Quam Gloriosum Mas *49 Love Came Down at Christmas (Whikehart Choral) 7151 *46 DUFAY, Missa L'Homme Arme 7150 *44 RAMEAU, Dianne et Acteon, L'Impatience (Cuenod) HAYDN, Sonatas 13, 30, 37, 43 (Raymond Dudley) 7149 MONTEVERDI, Madrigals Book 1, complete (Wagner Choral *43 NIELSEN, Commotio, Preludes (Grete Christensen 7148 *42 SCHOENBERG, Book of the Hanging Gardens SCHEIN, Choral Music (Whikehart Chorale) 7146 R. STRAUSS, Schlagobers-Ballet (2-12") 741 SCHUBERT, Fantasy Op. 159 (Zsigmondi) 7145 738 DEBUSSY, Saxophone Rhapsody, Piano Fantasy with Orche KODALY, Missa Brevis, Jesus & Traders (Whikeha 7144 ELIZABETHAN LOVE SONGS (Cuenod) *37 BEETHOVEN & HAYDN Music for Musical Clock *36 7143 HAYDN, Symphonies Nos. 12, 23, 29, 30 7141 **VERACINI** The Complete Sonatas (3-12") *35 MOTETS FOR CHRISTMAS (Welch Chorale) **VERACINI Sonatas 3, 10, 11, 12** *34 7140 BACH, Ascension Oratorio (Cantata No. 11) VERACINI Sonatas 5, 6, 7, 9 7139 *32 HAYDN, Symphonies No. 70 & 54-MOZART, Paris Overtur VERACINI Sonatas 1, 2, 4, 8 (H. Bress) 726 7138 DITTERSDORF, Symphony in A-LOUIS FERDINAND. Rond HANDEL, Triumph of Truth (Fekete)
CHOPIN, Complete Songs (Kurenko)
KODALY, Quartet No. 2—SZYMANOWSKI, Quartet in C 7136 BRUCKNER, Mass No. 2 in E Minor * 25 723 7133 SCHUTZ, Magnificat & Motets (Whikehart Chorale COUPERIN, Pieces d'Orgue (2-12") (Noehren) COUPERIN, Mass for the Convents COUPERIN, Mass for the Parishes 722 7130 *19 FRENCH HARPSICHORD MASTERS (Chiasson) 7129 MOZART, Mass in F, Dixit et Magnificat IVES, Sonatas Nos. 1 and 3 (Field) LULLY, Twelve Operatic Arias 718 7128 7127 *17 POULENC, Mass in G & Motets (Whikehart Choral *125 *16 BACH, Concertos for 2 Claviers THOMPSON, Peaceable Kingdom (Whikehart Chora *15 *14 7124 HINDEMITH, Clarinet and Piano Sonatas (Forrest) 7123 BRAHMS, Choral Preludes (Noehren) LISZT, Années de Pelerinage, Italie (Balogh) *12 COUPERIN, Harpsichord Recital (Chiasson) 7121 MAX REGER played by Robert Noehren 7120 HAYDN, The Man in the Moon (opera) *11 FOSS, Jumping Frog of Calaveras County * 9

* 2



7102

792

7182

778

777

*72

CHINESE DRUMS AND GONGS (Tso-Liang Orch.)

CHINESE CLASSICAL MUSIC (Wei Chung Loh)

BASQUE SONGS AND DANCES

ART OF CANTE FLAMENCO

CHINA'S INSTRUMENTAL HERITAGE (Tsai-Ping Liang)

CHINESE CLASSICAL MASTERPIECES (Lui Tsun-Yuen)





Francesco Veracini SONATA NO. 5 Preludio - Courante - Aria - Gigue

exceptional LP records for the discerning listener

LLST 7139 A STEREO



SIDE 1 STEREO

SONATA NO. 9

Largo e staccato - Allegro -Vivace - Largo - Allegro

HYMAN BRESS, Violin JEAN SCHRICK, Viola da Gamba OLIVIER ALAIN, Harpsichord Recorded in Salle Adyar, Paris

ing of this re

Francesco Veracini SONATA NO.6

LLST 7139 B STEREO



SIDE 2 STEREO

SONATA NO. 7 Cantabile - Larghetto - Allegro Largo - Allegro

HYMAN BRESS, Violin JEAN SCHRICK, Viola da Gamba OLIVIER ALAIN, Harpsichord Recorded in Salle Adyar, Paris